



### PAPER & CARDBOARD



### RECYCLABLES

- Newspapers
- Advertising flyers
- Magazines, books and telephone books
- Office papers, envelopes
- File folders
- Invoices, receipts, lottery tickets
- Brown paper bags
- Flat cardboard (cereal box)
- Egg cartons
- Corrugated cardboard
- Milk and juice cartons (Tetra Pak)



### REMEMBER TO:

- Breakdown cardboard boxes
- Remove the bags of waxed paper or plastic in the cardboard boxes as much as possible
- Remove the plastic handles and metal openings on the cardboard boxes



### NON-RECYCLABLES

- Metallic paper
- Packaging tape
- Laminated and waxed paper
- Carbon paper and blotting paper
- Tissue paper and paper towels
- Dryer sheets
- Disposable diapers
- Materials soiled by food

### METAL



- Cans (metal and aluminum cans)
- Aluminum containers and packaging (plates, dishes, balls of foil)

- Rinse all containers
- Remove all food particles

- Materials soiled by food
- Electrical and household appliances
- Hazardous waste (aerosol, paint, oil, batteries, cleaners, propane cylinder, etc.)

### PLASTIC



- Containers of soft drinks and spring water, food trays
- Food containers (margarine)
- Household products (bleach, laundry, etc.)
- Health care (shampoo, hand cream)
- Food containers
- Plastic lids, food containers
- Food containers (Tupperware, yogurt, ice cream)

- Rinse all containers
- Remove the bottle caps
- Compact container
- Separate plastic packaging from other materials (cardboard, paper, etc.)

- Polystyrene glass, plates, small yogurt containers
- Styrofoam
- Agricultural plastic sheets
- Plastic bags
- Cellophane and plastic films
- Toys (made with multiple materials)
- Building and hardware materials
- Reusable bags, pool liner, plastic fences, etc.
- Clothing, footwear and accessories (belts, wallets, etc.)